

CHINA



MAIL.

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HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1879.

日八初月三閏年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:—F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GORON, Ladgate Street, H. C. BATES, EMBROID & Co., 4, Old Jewry, R. C. SAMUEL, DRAGON & Co., 160 & 164, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE:—LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.
NEW YORK:—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:—GORDON & GORON, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally:—BRAY & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:—SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. HEINZEN & Co., Manila.

CHINA:—Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO & Co., Swatow, CAMPBELL & Co., Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co., Foochow, HEDER & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KEMP & WALKER, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars.
RESERVE FUND, 1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. W. KESWICK.
E. R. BELLIOS, Esq. WILHELM REINERS, Esq.
H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. F. D. SASSOON, Esq.
H. HOFFMANN, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.
A. MÖLVER, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER.

Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East,
Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 3 months notice 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " " "
" 12 " 5 " " "

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office.

D. A. J. CROMBIE,
Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,
Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, £800,000.
RESERVE FUND, £150,000.

BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On Current Accounts, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

Entertainment.

BILLIARDS!!!

STAG HOTEL! STAG HOTEL!!

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

M. HERBERT ROBERTS,
Champion Hand Stroke Player.

M. FRED. SHORTER,
Third Best Billiard Player in the World.

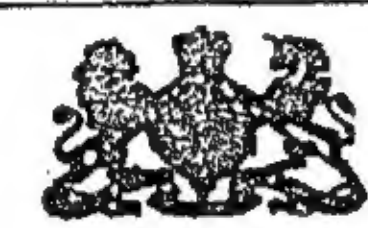
WILL GIVE THEIR FIRST ENTERTAINMENT, at the above HOTEL, THIS EVENING, the 28th April, 1879.

Play to Commence at 9 p.m.
Admission \$2.

PROGRAMME OF PLAY.

750 up. Mr. Roberts receiving 200. After which a GAME OF FANCY CANNONS will take place—Hand versus Cue.
Hongkong, April 28, 1879. ap29

Intimations.



HONGKONG ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERLY ROOM, 19th April, 1879.

It is notified that the DRILLS at present in course will be altered until further Orders to TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, and not, as heretofore, viz., TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS.

A. COXON,
Captain-Commandant H. K. A. V.

NOTICE.

GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

I have THIS DAY handed over charge of the Company's Station at this place, to Mr. A. SUENSON.

C. A. SCHULTZ,
Secretary,
Acting Superintendent.

REFERRING to the above, I beg to notify that I have THIS DAY again taken over charge of the Company's Office at this place.

A. SUENSON,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, April 23, 1879. ap30

NOTICE.

THE Business of the Undersigned will in future be conducted under the Firm of SHARP AND DANBY.

SHARP & Co.,
Estate Agents and Valuers,
WILLIAM DANBY, C.E.,
Architect and Surveyor.

No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Messrs E. D. SASSOON & Co.
Hongkong, April 17, 1879. my17

PHOTOGRAPHY.

C. POPPELBAUM begs to announce to the Community of Hongkong that he has taken over the BUSINESS of Mr. H. SCHUBERT—well known in Hongkong—and is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS daily from 8 a.m. till 1 p.m. Having previously been employed by Mr. SCHUBERT, and had long experience in some of the most Celebrated Studios in Europe, he will take any Work in PHOTOGRAPHY, and is able to guarantee satisfaction to all who favour him with their Patronage. Photographs enlarged to life-size and finished in Artistic Style. Any Pictures not meeting with the approval of Patrons will not be charged for.

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO,
Wyndham Street,
Hongkong, April 21, 1879. my21

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS will visit Shanghai during the Summer Months, leaving Hongkong on the 1st of April next; and returning about 1st November.

Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

NOTICE.

FROM the 1st of OCTOBER, DR. EASTLAKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the MEDICAL HALL.

Hongkong, September 26, 1878.

Intimations.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

CALCUTTA SUN HATS and HELMETS in New Shapes.
CHRISTY'S SUMMER STRAW and FELT HATS.
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA LIGHT PATENT AIR CHAMBER HELMETS.
FRENCH LIGHT SUMMER BOOTS & SHOES, CANVAS SHOES.

ELECTRO-PLATED ICE PAILS, ICE TONGS, ICE SHOVELS, ICE PITCHERS.
The New ELECTRO-PLATED READING LAMPS for Kerosene, perfectly safe.
ELECTRO-PLATED CIGAR LAMPS, LAWN TENNIS BATS and BALLS.
POCKET SYPHONS and WATERPROOF COATS.

AUTOMATON UMBRELLAS, PERFUMERY and TOILET SOAPS.
INDIA RUBBER AIR BEDS, CUSHIONS and PILLOWS.
The New CHIT BOOKS. MAPS OF AFGHANISTAN.
CAFETIERES. COCOA-NUT MATTING & MATS.
New SCARVES, BRACES and COLLARS.

The PATENT LIFE JACKETS and SWIMMING BELTS.
MEERBOAUM and BRIAR PIPES. DE LA RUE'S and AMERICAN PLAYING CARDS.
The Celebrated HUNYADI JANOS MINERAL WATER.
SPRATT'S FIBRINE DOG BISCUITS. MAGNIFYING GLASSES.

MAPS OF CHINA.
A Large COLLECTION OF WORKS OF REFERENCE.
FAMILY SCALES.
OVERLAND TRUNKS.

CLARETS, SAUTERNES and OTHER LIGHT SUMMER WINES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, April 2, 1879.

ROSE & Co.,

31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD,

DEG to inform their numerous Patrons that they have received, Ex French and English Mails and other late Arrivals, their NEW GOODS for the Season.

CONSISTING OF:—

The New "ETONA" CLOTHES, YOSEMITES, MUSLINS, GALATEAS, &c., &c., for LADIES' Dresses.
Also, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS, in all the Newest Shapes.
BOYS' SAILOR HATS, in the New Styles.
LADIES' BOOTS and SHOES, PEERLESS GLOSS.

A Good Selection of English and French FLOWERS and FEATHERS.
2-Button and 6-Button KID GLOVES, in this of 3 and 6 pairs.
COSTUMES and Paris MILLINERY, SUNSHADES.
COLLARS and SLEEVES, in the Newest Designs.
VALENCIENNES, BRUSSELS, TORCHON, and other LACES.
FICHUS, LACE SETS.
MUSLIN and LESSE FRILLINGS, in great variety.
RIBBONS in all the New Shades, REVERSIBLES, &c.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, CORSETS, SKIRTS, UNDER-CLOTHING &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SHIRTS, with and without Collars attached.
GENTLEMEN'S India GAUZE VESTS, in great variety.
GENTLEMEN'S CHRISTY'S STRAW and FELT HATS: Black and Coloured.
SILK SOCKS, TIES, COLLARS, STUDDS, BRACES, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., &c.

LINENS, SHEETINGS, CALICOES, DIAPERS, HOLLANDS, CRETONNES, TABLE CLOTHS, MUSLIN and LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN LOOPS, LACE CURTAINS by the Yard, 2 yards Wide.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

All Coast Orders Punctually Attended to.

ROSE & Co., 31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, April 25, 1879. my9

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of the Association of the Company, and of the Companies Ordinance 1865, an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, situate at No. 7, Queen's Road, Hongkong, at 8 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 6th day of May next, for the purpose of passing a special Resolution making certain alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company to the following effect, viz:—
1. That the General Managers, with the sanction of the Consulting Committee, in any years that the accounts of the Company shall render it desirable, may pay losses wholly or in part out of the excess of the Reserve Fund over and above \$250,000, in order that contributing and other Shareholders may not unnecessarily be deprived of Bonus and Dividend (such changes to take effect from the 1st January, 1879).
2. That the annual bonus payable to contributing Shareholders and the annual contribution to the reserve fund be left to the discretion of the General Managers and Consulting Committee, and that the sum to be annually appropriated to dividend be subject to the approval of the Company in Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby also given that a Second Extraordinary General MEETING of Shareholders will be held, at the same hour and place, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of May next, for the purpose of considering such special Resolution as aforesaid.

Dated the 18th day of April, 1879.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, IN LIQUIDATION.

AN EIGHTH RETURN of CAPITAL at the Rate of TWO TALS per SHARE, will be made to Shareholders of Record on the 3rd April, Payable at the Office of the Liquidators, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th April.

Warrants will then be delivered by the Undersigned to Shareholders, or their lawful representatives, on presentation of Share Certificates for Endorsement. The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd to the 9th April, inclusive.

By Order,
RUSSELL & Co.,
Liquidators.

Shanghai, April 1, 1879. my7

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Directors have declared an EXTRA DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. on Shareholders Capital, payable at the Office of the Secretaries, on the 28th Instant; to SHAREHOLDERS of Record on the 21st Instant.

By Order of the Directors,
RUSSELL & Co.,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, 18th April, 1879. my22

SAILOR'S HOME.

ANY Out-of Clothing, Books, or PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailor's Home, West Point.
Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

Intimations.

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS STORAGE.

GOODS RECEIVED on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision; and VESSELS Discharged alongside the WHARF, on favorable Terms, with quick despatch.

MEYER & Co.,
Proprietors.

Hongkong, November 29, 1878. my29

NOTICE.

THE YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the HONGKONG CLUB will take place, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th Instant, at 5 o'clock p.m.
By Order,
EDWARD BEART,
Secretary.

Hongkong, April 23, 1879. ap30

G. FALCONER & Co.,
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS, AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.
48, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, April 21, 1879. my20

FOR SALE.

EUGENE RIMMEL'S TROPICAL FLOWER WATER.

TRADE MARK.
SUPERIOR TO ALL SIMILAR PREPARATIONS.
VOGEL & Co.,
Sole Agents for China.

Hongkong, February 19, 1879. my19

FOR SALE.

COKE.....\$7.50 per ton.
COAL TAR.....5 cents per gallon.
Delivery to be taken at the Gas Works, West Point.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879. ap30

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. WILLIAM SALWAY in our Firm CEASED on the 1st Instant. Mr. W. WILSON will Sign the Firm in Liquidation.

WILSON & SALWAY,
Architects, &c.

Hongkong, April 7, 1879. my7

NOTICE.

WITH Reference to the above, I have admitted Mr. SOTHEBY GODFREY BIRD as a Partner; the Business will henceforward be continued under the Name of 'WILSON & BIRD.'

W. WILSON.

Hongkong, April 7, 1879. my7

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. WALTER SCOTT FITZ, in our Firm in Hongkong and China, CEASED on the 31st December last.

Mr. CHARLES VINCENT SMITH is admitted a Partner from this Date.

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1879. jyl

NOTICE.

MR. JAMES ANDERSON, formerly Manager of the Foochow Dock, has this Day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

J. INGLIS & Co.,
Victoria Foundry, Wanchai.

Hongkong, April 1, 1879. jyl

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR SHANGHAI (DIRECT).
The Steamship "GLENARNA,"
Captain GABSON, will be despatched for the above Port on TUESDAY, the 29th Instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Hongkong, April 28, 1879. ap29

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG.
Per British Steamer "ATHOL,"
Captain THOMSON, will load here for the above Ports, and will leave this on WEDNESDAY, the 30th Instant, at 2 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
HOP KEE,
Hongkong, April 28, 1879. ap30

Shipping.

Steamers.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS:

The Company's Steamship "VOLGA,"
Commandant ROLLAND, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA shortly after the arrival of the next French Mail from Europe.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, April 22, 1879.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS:

The Company's Steamship "IRAOUADY,"
Commandant GUYARD, will be despatched for SHANGHAI shortly after her arrival from Europe.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, April 22, 1879.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR HONOLULU.

The A 1 American Ship "REPUBLIC,"
Capt. HOLMES, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, April 1, 1879. my1

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 British Ship "OLURNUM,"
BRADLEY, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will be despatched on or before the 5th of May.

For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.
Hongkong, April 25, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 British Ship "ONIDA,"
Captain CLYMA, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, April 17, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Ship "HAZE,"
EVANS, Master,
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

FOR MANILA.

The A 1 Italian Bark "EMILIO V.,"
MENELO, Master,
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 American Ship "EDITH,"
MANSON, Master,
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.

won by 300, making two splendid breaks, one of 271, chiefly off the spot stroke, and an all-round of 129, without the aid of the spot. On the third meeting, Mr. Shorter, who was again in splendid form, won the game by nearly 300. After finishing the three nights' engagement at Emerson's, they played at the Chinese Club 500 up. Stanley took the lead, and kept it until the game was called.—Stanley 461, Shorter 380. The latter took up the cue, and won the game off the balls, making the magnificent break of 170 unfinished, for which he was loudly and deservedly applauded. The next and last entertainment was played at the German Club, when Mr. Shorter again proved his superiority by 240 points, his best breaks being 157 and 140.

The Hon. C. May died on board the mail steamer *Kiaoi* on Friday last, and was buried at sea on Saturday. This announcement, which arrived by wire from Singapore this afternoon, will be something of a shock to the community, especially to those who were intimately acquainted with the gentleman who had just started for home—to die. It was feared by many that Mr. May would never reach home alive; but the disease has done its work with a rapidity which becomes almost tragic. Only a few weeks ago, and we were freely criticising the *Feeso* decision, in which he took part; and not more than two or three weeks since he seemed to be a casual observer to be hale and hearty as of old. It was with some misgiving, however, that we penned the few lines of temporary farewell, published in these columns before his departure; and now the secret fears of his relations and friends have been but too suddenly realized. Although it cannot be said that Mr. May was a young man, or a "man in his prime," he was one of those residents who so retained his youthful buoyancy and capacity for work almost to the end, that his death may almost be said to be premature. Mr. May, however, was not only full of years, but he was an officer, as we have frequently said, who had done well and worked hard for a long period of years. His death has deprived the Colony of a faithful servant, an experienced adviser, and a genial, honest resident. Many of our readers will naturally think of and sympathize with those whom he has left behind, and whose tender nursing has apparently been of so little avail.

An inquest was held this afternoon at the Tung Wah Hospital on the body of Lo Ah-shing, a watchman, aged 65 years. The jury comprised Messrs G. P. P. O. E. Schaar, and H. F. P. Incherne. It would appear from the evidence that deceased, who was employed as a watchman at a mat-packer's shop, missed his footing and fell down the steps. He was placed on his bed and lay groaning, but the only visible mark of injury was a scratch on the nose. At 5 a.m. the next day he appeared worse, and shortly afterwards died. The body was taken to the Tung Wah Hospital.—Dr. Lam Chi Chun deposed to the cause of death, which he said was fracture of the skull.—A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A second inquest was held on the body of Lai A-tsun, a coolie, at the same Hospital, and before the same jury. It appears that deceased was employed washing the hold on board the S. S. *Bracmar*, and accidentally fell from one of the beams, severely cutting his head. He was removed at once to the Tung Wah Hospital by his friends, and died at 10 a.m. yesterday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded in this case also.

The remained case in which George Avel, Angel Cameros, J. Single, J. Wilkins, P. Francis, and J. Tangle, seamen belonging to the British ship *Citurnum*, were charged with refusal of duty, came on again to-day, at the Marine Court. Captain McMurdo, Government Marine Surveyor, deposed to his having examined the rigging, mast and provisions of the *Citurnum* at the request of the 7th Magistrate. The masts were properly stayed, and there was not a vestige of excuse for a man refusing to go to sea in her. The ship was a first-class ship, and there was not a better ship coming to the port. The fore-cabin was large and roomy, and the seamen's quarters everything that could be desired. The provisions were of first-class quality. The topmasts were perfectly stayed, and there was quite sufficient spread for the boats; the rigging was perfectly fitted in every way.

Peter Wilders, the steward, deposed to the quantity of provisions the crew received, which, he said, was according to the scale agreed upon. In harbour they received 1 lb. of beef, 1 lb. of potatoes, and 1 lb. of flour on Sunday, and besides this they got coffee, tea, sugar, and as much bread as ever they liked. The men had never complained of not getting enough to eat. Witness had been to sea 18 or 19 years, and the scale of provisions was the same as he had always seen issued. The quality of the beef and pork was superior to any he had ever seen before on board ship. He (witness) had never seen any of the crew ill, and was not in the least afraid to go to sea in the ship.

Captain Beadle, stated that the vessel was 24 days in port before she went to sea on the last occasion, and none of the crew had asked to go on shore to complain about the provisions or the state of the rigging. On the two occasions complained of by the crew of the vessel being dismasted, the

first time the fore top-mast was carried away and the main top-mast sprang. This happened in the Bay of Biscay during very heavy weather, when several ships were dismasted. The defendants had never complained of ill-treatment. Wilkins had spoken about the mate having sworn at him, and witness spoken to the mate about it. Witness was quite willing to take the defendant to sea in the ship.

The 2nd and 5th defendants complained of being too ill to work and were sent to the Colonial Surgeon for examination. The 5th defendant was ordered to forfeit 6 days' pay, and sent on board with a recommendation that he be put to light work only; the others were all sent to 12 weeks' hard labour each, at order of the Captain.

We have to acknowledge receipt of a small pamphlet printed in Amoy, entitled, "A Chapter from the Chinese Gospel," being the fifth of the interesting Occasional Papers on Chinese Philosophy written by Mr. Chai-loner Alabaster. Wonderful as it is that Confucius has enchaind the Chinese people for more than twenty centuries—spite of his apparent lack of poetry, of deep philosophy, or of surpassingly excellent morality—Mr. Alabaster says that "in a future generation, when the age of analogies is past and Chinese like other languages comes to be really understood, it will be found that the difference between the Chinese and the European mind is after all not very great; that the power of Confucius is due to his excellence, and that he is fully entitled to a position in the Pantheon among the sages of antiquity as one of the greatest masters of mankind."

If anybody in Hongkong lost, or had stolen from them some time ago, a silver lever watch, made by Roskell of Liverpool, or a wedding ring, marked inside "H. H. N. 1845," they may be interested in the following paragraph which we cut from the *North China Daily News*:

A well-dressed Cantonese jeweller, who came from Hongkong about a month ago, and has been staying in a shop near the Astor House Hotel, was charged with having defrauded a native pawnbroker of about \$100. Soon after his arrival he commenced to pawn jewellery, principally chains, which he represented to be gold. He pawned seven of these on separate occasions, and a day or two ago he wished to pawn another. The pawnbroker's suspicions were aroused by the number of chains the prisoner was in a position to pawn. He examined all the chains he had received from him, and was surprised to find that they were not gold but brass, with a thin coating of the finer metal, and he had the prisoner arrested. He was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment. Among the other articles he had pawned were a silver lever watch, made by Roskell of Liverpool, and a wedding ring, the latter being stamped inside "H. H. N. 1845." As these are believed to belong to some foreigner, probably some one living in Hongkong, they were handed over to Inspector Fowler, who will keep them for a month, and steps will be taken to discover the owner.

As a proof of the lovely moderation with which some of the California folks deal with the Anti-immigration of Chinese Bill, the following is interesting:—

"The Citizens of Hollister met to protest against a veto of the anti Chinese Bill. Judge May was called on for a speech, and said the *Advocate*, 'mounted a dry goods box, and in his usual and stirring style depicted the evils of Chinese immigration, merely from a moral standpoint, leaving the financial part of the question entirely out of the discussion. He stigmatized the Chinese as a foul, filthy, lousy, dirty, baboon-bred race, totally incapable of civilization in the slightest degree.' After all, say the *Alta*, it is little wonder that some of those Eastern papers think we are all hoodlums."

HONG & Co.'s Weekly Shipping Reports, Pagoda Anchorage, 19th April, 1879:—

Arrivals During the Week:—April 13, Quikstep, from Shanghai; 13, Nomos, from Hongkong; 13, Kerguelen, from Hongkong; 13, Sheldrake, from Hongkong; 13, Hamburg, from Bangkok; 15, Ling Feng, from Hongkong; 16, Douglas, from Hongkong; 16, Forward Ho, from Shanghai; 17, Europe, from Shanghai; 18, Tah Yee, from Shanghai.

Departures During the Week:—April 12, Ling Feng, for Sharp Peak; 15, Namos, for Hongkong; 15, H. Yumna, for Shanghai; 16, Ling Feng, for Amoy.

Shipping in Port:—April 13, Lulu; 13, Queen of the West; 13, Quikstep; 13, Sheldrake; 13, Hamburg; 16, Douglas, 16, Forward Ho; 17, Europe; 18, Tah Yee.

SIGNOR CAGLI, Director of an Italian Opera Company, was expected to arrive in Singapore about the 22nd instant, with his troupe.

CAPTAIN Edward Wingfield Shaw, who, since December, 1868, has filled the position of Lieutenant Governor of Malacca, died at Singapore on the 18th. Deceased, who was a retired Captain of the Royal Navy, served as Lieutenant on board H.M.S. *Plumper* on the West Coast of Africa in 1855-56, also as a gunnery officer on the *Gold Coast*; he was Private Secretary to the Governor-in-Chief of the *Leeward Islands* in 1863; and he administered the government of Montserrat from April 1868 to March 1866, and was in 1868 appointed Lieutenant Governor of Malacca.

The number of paragraphs sprinkled all over the American papers as to the question now so agitating the public mind is tremendous. The following is not a bad sample of the way the subject is utilized:— Dialogue reported by the Nevada City Transcript: Bachelor Jones—"The State would be better off if every Chinaman was hanged out of it tomorrow." His Married Friend—"Where would you get your washing done then?" Bachelor Jones—"Marry some nice girl, and have it done at home." Chorus by six eligible young ladies, who happened to overhear Jones and his friend talking—"The Chinese must go!"

THE POLICE RAID ON COINERS AT KOWLOON.

On Saturday night, or rather early on Sunday morning, the Police made a raid on a house in which it was suspected coining was going on, near the village of Tai-Ka-Wan, and succeeded, not without considerable trouble and danger, in capturing the inmates, twenty-one in number, with all the moulds and utensils used in coining cash, and any number of spurious cash in all stages of preparation. It appears that for some time past complaints have been made by the Chinese that quantities of spurious cash were in circulation. These spurious cash were not the mil or Hongkong cash, but the Chinese cash in ordinary use on the mainland. The Police have therefore been on the look-out to endeavour to detect where these spurious coins came from, as there was reason to believe they were coined in this neighbourhood.

On Saturday night, in consequence of information received, Inspector Cameron, with eight policemen (Europeans and Chinese), all armed, prepared to enter a house situated near Tai-Ka-Wan. The house (a double one) stands alone, and was supposed to have been tenanted by stone-cutters. On arriving at the house about 4 a.m. yesterday morning, they entered the compound, and demanded admittance to the house; but the inmates, who had evidently been forewarned of the approach of the Police, refused to admit them, and made such a forcible resistance with spears, bricks and stones that it was deemed advisable to use a little strategy. The Inspector therefore drew his men off, and so placed them round the outer wall that they could watch the house from every point. The further assistance was sent for. The inmates sent out a dog to reconnoitre, trusting to the antipathy of these brutes towards foreigners. The dog went to the gate and seeing the European "devils" at once set up an appropriate howl. One of the inmates then ascended to the roof in order to obtain a bird's-eye view of the position of the outsiders; but catching sight of the muzzle of a rifle, he quietly disappeared again. This pleasant game of hide-and-seek was kept up till daylight, when one of the coiners, thinking that perhaps the coast was clear, ventured outside and was at once placed *hors de combat* and secured. The rest of the gang seeing this, and doubtless considering their case a desperate one, resolved to make a bold rush for it; but the villagers of Hong Kong having heard of the affair, began to flock to the spot, doubtless having a remembrance of the recent raid on their own village fresh in their mind; and the coiners were soon convinced of the hopelessness of further resistance. The capitalists were taken charge of by the Police and marched off. The furnaces for melting the metal, blocks, moulds, spurious cash &c., all unmistakable indications of the kind of business being carried on, were discovered, and taken charge of. Another man was afterwards arrested on this side of the wall, and on him was found a letter from Mr. Brereton having reference to the case. The men were charged before the magistrate (C. B. Plunkett, Esq.) to-day, and below we give a report of the proceedings. One notable feature in this case is that the metal used in the coining appears to consist of the downspouts, old sheeting from ship's bottoms and old utensils used for cooking, &c. Probably most of the stolen articles of this description find their way to the melting pots of coiners.

Police Intelligence.

(Before Mr. C. V. Cragh, and Hon. C. B. Plunkett, Magistrates.)

Monday, April 26.

Chan Ahing, a seaman, was charged by his employer (Mr. Thomas Ide Bowler) with absconding himself from his duty without permission. The defendant it appears had been engaged by Mr. Bowler on the 7th instant to rig a boat, and on the 13th or 14th instant he borrowed \$3 from Mr. Bowler, since which time he had been very insolent; he was absent from his duty for eight hours yesterday. Defendant said that he was sick, and wanted to consult a doctor; he did not think it would be right to go to his master's house and ask leave on a Sunday. Fined \$2.

William Goldsmith, Breman British str. *Ben Glee*, and Orland McIntosh, seaman British str. *Bracmar*, were charged with being drunk and incapable; the latter fell into the water from Poddara's Wharf. They were fined 50 cents each.

James Linmond, master of the British bark *Queen of India*, was fined \$1 with the alternative of four days' imprisonment, for being drunk and incapable at Praya Central.

Thomas Brown, seaman, British ship *Onida*, and Joseph Menden, seaman, British steamer *Bracmar*, were each fined \$2 with the alternative of four days' imprisonment for being drunk and disorderly.

Chung Akit, a fireman, was fined \$8 with the alternative of five days' hard labour, and was further ordered to be exposed in the stocks, publicly, for three hours, for abusing a woman in the street and calling her vile names.

Chung Asan, a farmer, was charged with being found in possession of 9 tins of prepared opium valued at \$140, and was fined \$250, the opium to be forfeited to the *Opium Farmer*; in default of payment to go to gaol for three months with hard labour.

Kamaki Kitchi and five others, Japanese seamen, were charged by Insp. O'Connell with fighting and creating a disturbance in the house of a seaman belonging to the S. S. *Malacca* named Louis Savage, and the first prisoner was further charged with cutting and wounding the complainant, who had to be removed to the Hospital. These were remanded till the 2nd proximo, defendant being admitted to bail, the 1st in \$50 and the others in \$25 each.

Jack Harry and Charles Smith, seamen, belonging to the *Amir* ship *Zane*, were charged with assaulting a prostitute named Anna Green, and creating a disturbance at her house, No. 2 Gage Street. It appears that the defendant with two others broke into complainant's house, and upon her remonstrating, one of them struck her with his open hand. The 2nd defendant admitted that he struck the complainant, but not before she seized hold of him. The 1st defendant was discharged, and the 2nd was fined \$7, in default 10 days' hard labour.

Ching Pak Sing, a junk master, Pua Aying, a opium dealer, Fung Apo, a cook, and Fung Ayim and nine others, coolies, were charged with being found in a public gambling house at Nos. 243 and 245 Queen's Road East. Two of the defendants were fined \$40 each, in default 8 months' hard labour; 4th, 6th and 7th defendants, \$2 each; in default 10 days' imprisonment; the others were discharged.

In Akwong, a boy 13 years of age, who stood about three feet nothing in his shoes, was charged with stealing \$4 in money, one letter and an umbrella, the property of one Mah Awan, a letter carrier, his foster father's brother. A letter containing four silver dollars was left, with a number of others, and an umbrella was hanging on the wall. When complainant returned the defendant was not to be seen, and the letter, money, and umbrella were missed, besides 24.0 cash. Information was given to the police, and defendant was taken to the Recreation Ground and given into custody. Defendant admitted having stolen the money, but not the cash or umbrella; he knew nothing of them. He had bought a purse for twenty cents, and some food, the balance \$3.40 was all that remained. Mr. Cragh sentenced the young vagrant to 14 days' solitary confinement.

THE KOWLOON COUNTERFEIT COINERS.

This afternoon, at 2.30, the Kowloon counterfeit coiners apprehended on Sunday morning were brought before the Court, Hon. C. B. Plunkett on the bench. They were arrested by virtue of a warrant granted by Mr. O. V. Cragh, Senior Magistrate, and were charged with counterfeiting certain monies, and with being in possession of dies, moulds, and prints, in contravention of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1865, and further with resisting their lawful apprehension in a house near Tai Ka Wan, British Kowloon. The prisoners—Chun U Fai, of the Ping Koa Hong, the master of the concern who was arrested later on in the day in Hongkong, and twenty-one others—presented rather a formidable array, forming three sides of a hollow square, in the small court-house. The square was not exactly hollow, by the way, for the criminal scoundrels surrounded a table at which were seated quite an army of respectable men, the prosecutor, the police officials, the reporters, &c.

Capt. Deane said:—In this case, your Worship, the Counsel who is to prosecute will be here directly, but now, to save time, and with permission of Mr. Brereton, I will briefly state the facts we intend to prove. An information was sworn in this case in this Court, and warrants granted, against the residents of a house in Tai-Ka Wan for manufacturing spurious silver and copper coin, or coin of a less value than silver coin. That warrant was executed on Sunday morning by Inspector Cameron, who with some European assistance, and a Chinese Constable demanded admission into the house in virtue of that warrant. Admission was refused, and being again demanded, and those in the house cautioned, he was again refused admission. He then broke open the door, and was met by a body of men armed with spears who resisted their entrance, and threw bricks and other missiles at them. They surrounded the house until daybreak and by a little judicious management succeeded in making the men lay down their arms, and then the police apprehended the whole of those who were in the house—twenty-one in number. Furnaces, dies, moulds, in fact a complete set of utensils for coining were found in the house. The coins they were manufacturing were Hainan cash, Hainan belonging to the Emperor of China.

The first witness was then called and examined by the Magistrate, until the arrival of Mr. Sharp. The prisoners were defended by Mr. Brereton.

John Butlin, P. C., sworn, deposed:—I am stationed at Hungnam, a small station by the docks, British Kowloon. On the 26th, I saw an information in this Court, before Mr. Cragh (prosecutor), and marked A). I obtained two warrants on that information (marked B); one is a search warrant (marked C), the other a warrant to arrest (marked D). I then placed myself in communication with Inspector Cameron, and we attempted to execute the warrant about 4 a.m. on the morning of the 27th. Inspector Cameron, Sergeant Fleming and a number of Chinese constables came to my station, and accompanied me, with three Indian constables from my station, to a house known to the Chinese as San Sun, situated in a stone quarry, near Tai-Ka-wan. This is not a detached house. It is one of two houses under the same roof. There is a stone wall in front (plan produces). With two Indian constables and one Chinese constable I went to the back of the house. I remained there only a minute. There was no means of escape there. I heard some noise and ran to the front of the house. This was about 4 a.m. We had some bull's-eye lamps with us, and could see, although but faintly. I found the Inspector bursting open the door, leading into the second yard. He forced it inside the front yard. He forced it open with his foot. I followed after him. I then saw the inner door opened. There was no light inside, but by the aid of our bull's-eye I saw a number of Chinese rushing out with spears; some threw stones, some bottles, some hammers. We then retreated from the second door-way to the outside the compound, and surrounded the house in obedience to the orders of the Inspector. The Chinese did not follow outside the house. I then saw two Chinese on the top of the house, one of whom I recognised as the first prisoner. They shortly afterwards went down. We remained there till daylight. A Chinese constable was standing at the gate at daylight. I saw Inspector Cameron standing inside the front compound. He called me and Sergeant Fleming inside, and as we went in, I saw a number of Chinese standing there quietly. I was told to stand at the front gate and not allow any one to go out. Others came out from the house. They did not rush out. They came out quietly. Then some of the villagers came up, and stood in the gate-way; they assisted in guarding the gate. The Inspector told me and Sgt. Fleming to seize and secure the biggest and strongest of the men inside the yard. I arrested prisoners Nos. 6, 8, 2, 17, 18, 19, and others, eight or nine of them, in all, had them together, and handed them over to the Chinese coolies, who were there. Of these constables I recollect only the numbers 232 and 250. Sgt. Fleming and I arrested all these men between us—twenty-one of them. I went then, with the Inspector, to Yau Mah Tin, securing the prisoners to the station house there. I met Police Constable Wm. Fisher No. 7, and some Chinese Constables who were coming to our assistance. We handed over the prisoners to them, and with Inspector Cameron, Sergeant Fleming and P. C. M'Neil went back to the house, which was left in charge of Chinese P. C. 250, Lau Aui, and Indian P. C. Beghal Singh; they guarded the house in front, but were

not inside. We then searched the house, and the list of articles found is endorsed on the back of the warrant. We found all these coining instruments now produced. I helped to bring them away. The house consisted of three rooms; stone-built, one storey, tiled roofed. Most of the articles were found in the large front room. In the two small rooms, which together are about the same size as the large room, a small space is partitioned off, apparently set apart as bedrooms. The large room was apparently used for the work of coining. There were three furnaces or fire-places in this room, in front of which there was a quantity of ashes, mixed with what seemed to me metal dust or refuse of metal. There were several round blocks fixed in the ground, used apparently for hammering something and a small table in front of each. I saw no boxes of clothes, or any furniture, or cooking utensils, or signs of any honest industry. There was no sign of the place being inhabited save the sleeping benches. They were laid, Chinese fashion, three or four in a bed, accommodate 24 or 25 men. There was a pounder there, not a rice pounder, but used apparently for pounding the earth or clay used in their work. There was a quantity of red clay about it. Besides several pieces of metal, brass, found in holes in the wall, and such like, I found several pieces of copper sheeting leaning against the wall in the bedroom. I found some cash also on the floor. In both of these rooms there were blocks fixed in the ground, same as in the front room. There was a quantity of copper nails in one of these rooms. In a box in one of the bedrooms there were several stamps or casts for making cash. (Mr. Sharp remarks that the technical name used in the Ordinance is matrix, but witness assures the Magistrate he "never heard it called by that name before.") In the yard outside the house there were two fireplaces, same as those inside the house. Some moulds were found outside. Castings of cash were found in all the rooms, and in the yard as well; they are now produced. There was a quantity of books found in boxes in one of the back rooms; they are now produced. All the things we found were packed up in bundles, and were carried to Yow-mah-tee by coolies. We all started back to the station about 8 or 9 o'clock. There was a stone-quarrier's quarters in the same compound. We did not go in there. There was no reason to believe there was any coining going on there. There was no internal communication there that we could see. Constables were specially told off to prevent the men who were in the house from searching for the outsiders. To the best of my belief all the men arrested came out of the main building. There were no quarrying tools or anything that would lead one to believe that they were following any employment save coining. The man I referred to in my information is the first prisoner.

I saw him a week ago in Tai-Ka-wan, when he was pointed out to me and I told him who he was. That was the only time I had seen him that I am aware of. I was certain I should know him by a distinguishing mole on his left jaw. I had been at the house in question some time before. That house had been also pointed out to me as the house in which he lived. Examined by Mr. Sharp:—The spears they attacked us with were found in the large room. There were five spears, (one produced, a formidable weapon about twelve feet long, with an ugly spike the length of a man's hand tied on to one end).

Cross-examined by Mr. Brereton:—The house in question is about two miles from the police station. At four o'clock, when we arrived at the house it was dark; there was a little star-light. I had my police truncheon and a private revolver; Inspector Cameron wore his regulation uniform, which he has on now. All the Chinese constables were in private clothes, save No. 230. The Indian constables wore their uniforms. They had no overcoats. I was not struck with any of these spears, I do not know who threw it. I heard knocking at the door, and heard admittance demanded, in Chinese. We did not make any great disturbance. They simply shouted to open the door. I heard the Inspector tell the Chinese constable to tell them open the door.

You have heard of the Winglok Street attack by pirates?—Yes.

And that there have been other affairs of the same nature at Kowloon?—Yes.

Now supposing these men to have been honest men, do you not think it very likely they would suppose the police on this occasion to be a band of robbers?—No. I do not think so. They knew who we were.

Question repeated.—They might at first, but when they saw the Inspector and myself with our police caps on, they must have known who we were.

Did you ever hear of robbers personating police?—No.

Do you not know of such a case within the last three weeks?—No, I don't get the papers at my place.

How soon after your arrival did you get into the house?—It was over an hour. It was just at daylight, a little after five o'clock. I then went into the yard, and secured the prisoners; when we got inside no attack was made on us, except in the first instance, when we retreated. We found no firearms; there was one Japanese fan-dagger.

Is it quite usual for respectable Chinese living in lonely places to have such spears as these for purposes of defence?—Yes, when they have any property to defend.

What hammers did you see thrown?—I saw one or two pretty close past my own head. None of the fires were lighted. These copper cash were in baskets, in boxes, and in boxes. In some cases bags were thrown over them, in other cases nothing.

By the Court:—Was there any attempt at concealment?—No. Some of them were lying openly exposed on the floor, and all over the place.

By Mr. Brereton:—You stated in your information that you had reason to believe a certain Chinese, whom you have to-day identified as the first prisoner, was concerned in the counterfeiting of Chinese copper coin, to wit, Chinese cash?—Yes.

And you have stated in your examination to-day that you saw a quantity of copper cash on the floor of the second room?—Yes.

Can you show me from among the articles now produced here any counterfeit Chinese cash, such as you referred to in your information?—No. I never have had the cash on which I based my information back from Mr. Cameron, to whom I then gave it, so that I have not had an opportunity of comparing them with those found

in the house. But they are similar, think.

What were the coins you gave Inspector Cameron?—Spurious cash. I don't know what they are made of.

Can you give me from amongst this great mass of stuff brought from these men's place one single spurious copper Chinese cash?

Prisoner, in answer, picked up a coin from the pile on the table, and handed it to Mr. Brereton, saying:—This is one of the coins, I mentioned.

Mr. Brereton: Would you be surprised to hear that the coin you have picked out represents an Anamese cash?

His Worship said he did not think it mattered.

Mr. Brereton reminded him that the charge was for coining Hainan Cash.

His Worship said it did not matter what the information set forth; if the case be sent for trial, the Attorney General would file the indictment.

Mr. Brereton held that as set forth in the information, he had a complete answer to the charge, which was for coining Chinese cash.

Witness replied in answer to Mr. Brereton's question that he did not know the difference between a Chinese cash and an Anamese cash; but one thing he was certain of was that the cash selected by him and since labelled "D," was a counterfeit of the coin handed by him to Inspector Cameron and upon which he laid his information before the Magistrate.

The witness was here given a number of copper coins in envelopes marked "E," and said they were, he believed, the same he had given to Inspector Cameron, he had received them from the informer, a Chinese P. C.

Mr. Brereton: If you had known the coins were spurious Anamese cash would you have sworn that you had reason to believe that the 1st defendant was concerned in the counterfeiting of the copper coins of China, to wit Chinese cash?

Witness: No, I would not swear they were Chinese coins if I knew they were Anamese cash, but to the best of my belief they were Chinese cash. I did not get any of the Chinese cash attached to the Court to examine the cash. I cannot read Chinese. I cannot swear that I arrested any more of the prisoners than the five or six I did not see the prisoners in the house or in the house or about the premises in which I arrested the men. I cannot swear that some of the prisoners are not stonecutters. Some of the stonecutters might have got mixed up with the others before I got into the yard.

By Mr. Sharp:—I can swear that after I got into the yard none of the stonecutters got mixed with the coiners. The cash found in the house had all Chinese characters on it. I have never seen any other cash. That is what I term Chinese cash. The hammer thrown at my head was the same as that produced. The police did not have their coats on.

His Worship intimated that he should remand the case.

Mr. Sharp explained that he charged the prisoners with counterfeiting the coins of Cochinchina and Annam and not Chinese coins.

His Worship asked Mr. Brereton if he was prepared to say this was no offence.

Mr. Brereton said the information laid was for counterfeiting Chinese coins.

His Worship said that he looked upon it in the same light as if a warrant was issued to search for opium and spirits were found.

Mr. Brereton, with regard to the search of the police, said that the distance carried on a perfectly honest calling, that the police came in the dead of night, some of them in private clothes, and that the prisoners had no idea that the police were outside armed with warrants, or they would not have offered the slightest opposition. He had a perfectly good defence to offer and would therefore ask for bail. He admitted that the defendants were making Anamese coins, but they were doing so honestly enough. It might appear strange at first sight, but he could assure His Worship that the business was carried on largely at Macao and elsewhere. In fact so honest were they that the last defendant had applied to him (Mr. Brereton) to get a license for him to carry on the business. He referred to the section of the Ordinance, Sec. 22.

His Worship said that it there stated it was illegal to coin any money of foreign states. Surely Annam was a foreign state.

Mr. Brereton said Yes; but the word in the Ordinance is "the whole prosecution," that was the first word fairly.

Mr. Sharp said that he had no objection to accept of bail.

Mr. Sharp said it was merely a question of law.

Finally it was arranged that the last defendant should be admitted to bail in \$500 and the others in \$50 each.

The case was then remanded till Monday next the 5th proximo, at 3 p.m. 2 o'clock.

In reply to the Magistrate, who asked, in the course of the trial, whether these books had been translated, and whether they bore any relation to what the men were apparently engaged in, Mr. Sharp said he believed to have the books looked into before the trial; there had not been time to do so yet.

By the 22nd Sec. which relates to persons counterfeiting foreign coin other than gold and silver coin, offenders are liable, on their first conviction, to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one year. Under section 23, the penalty on persons having more than five pieces of counterfeit coin in their possession, is that the offender forfeits all the coin, which is ordered to be broken and destroyed, and he is liable to be fined not less than three dollars nor more than ten for every such spurious coin found in his possession, or half the fine going to the informer, with the alternative of three months' hard labour. And by section 24 for the making, minding, or having in possession any false coin, is felony, punishable with penal servitude for life, or for any term not less than three years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding two years with or without hard labour and with or without solitary confinement.

Shares.

Hongkong Bank, 47 1/2 p.m.
Union Ins. Society of Canton, \$1,400
China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,800
North China Ins. Co., \$1,300
Yongtong Ins. Assn., \$1,700
Chinese Insurance Co., \$280
H. K. Fire Ins. Co., \$750
China Fire Ins. Co., \$175
H. K. & W. Dock Co., 5 1/2 p.m.
H. K. & C. S. S. Boat Co., \$6 dia.
Shanghai Steam Navigation, \$17
China Coast S. Nav. Co., \$18, 98, 55 1/2
Hongkong Gas Co., \$70

To Let.
TO LET.
TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY,
MARINE WEST.
FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS, and a
GODOWN.
Apply to
E. R. BELLIOS.
Hongkong, April 16, 1879. my1

To Let—At Wanchai.
FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS.
For further Particulars, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.
Hongkong, April 24, 1879. my9

To Let.
(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)
NOS. 10 & 12, LYNCHBURST TERRACE,
at present occupied by Messrs. NUB
KESLOW & Co.
Apply to
LINSTEAD & Co.
Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

To Let—At Wanchai.
FIRST-CLASS
GODOWNS.
Goods of every description Landed and
Stored.
For terms, apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
Hongkong, April 4, 1879. j4

To Let.
OFFICES in CLUB CHAMBERS.
Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAK & Co.
Hongkong, April 8, 1879.

To Let.
PORTION of a HOUSE, very suitable
for OFFICES and DWELLING, also
for a STORE, Queen's Road Central.
Possession 1st March next.
Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
Hongkong, February 4, 1879.

To Let.
IN the House on MARINE LOT 65,
formerly known as the Blue House,
situate on Fray's East.
FIRST FLOORS of Nos. 2, 3 and 4,
Praya East, with immediate possession.

As also,
FIRST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS,
attached to Blue House at Wanchai,
MARINE LOT 65, and BASEMENT No. 3.

Also,
A SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, close
to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on
Storage or the Yard Rented.
For further particulars, apply to
MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, March 4, 1879.

To Be Let.
TWO Excellent STONE-FLOORED
GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10,
Fray's Central.
Apply to
TURNER & Co.
Hongkong, August 1, 1878.

To Let.
FIRST-CLASS OFFICES and GO-
DOWNS, Nos. 54 and 60,
Praya Central.
Apply to
WO HANG,
Nos. 6 and 7, Praya West.
Hongkong, January 2, 1879.

MAILS.

STEAM FOR
SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE
GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA,
BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MED-
TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-
AMPTON, AND LONDON.
VIA BOMBAY.
ALSO
BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND
AUSTRALIA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship
Nizam, Captain A. E. BARTOW, will
leave this on TUESDAY, the 6th May, at
Noon.
Tea and General Cargo for London will
be conveyed via Bombay without tranship-
ment, arriving one week later than by the
direct route. Silk and Valuables will be
transferred to the Calcutta steamer at
Galle.
For further Particulars, apply to
A. McIVER, Superintendent.
Hongkong, April 23, 1879. my9

Mails.
NOTICE.
COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.
STEAM FOR
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
POINT DE GALLE,
ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT
SAID, NAPLES, AND
MARSEILLES;
ALSO,
PONDICHERY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA
AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.

ON TUESDAY, the 20th April, 1879,
at Noon, the Company's S. S.
PELHO, Commandant PASQUALINI, with
MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and
CARGO, will leave this Port for the
above places.
Cargo and Specie will be registered for
London as well as for Marseilles, and ac-
cepted in transit through Marseilles for
the principal places of Europe.
Shipping Orders will be granted until
Noon.
Cargo will be received on board until
4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m.
on the 28th April, 1879. (Parcels are not
to be sent on board; they must be left
at the Agency's Office.)
Contents and value of Packages are re-
quired.
For further particulars, apply at the
Company's Office.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, April 21, 1879. ap29

**Occidental & Oriental Steam-
Ship Company.**
TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND
PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED
STATES AND EUROPE,
IN CONNECTION WITH THE
CENTRAL
and
UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING
RAILROAD COMPANIES
AND
ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. OCEANIC will be despatched
for San Francisco via Yokohama,
on TUESDAY, May 6th, 1879, at 3
p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for
Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central
and South America, and Europe.
Connection is made at Yokohama, with
Steamers from Shanghai.
Freight will be received on Board until
4 p.m. of the 5th May. PARCEL
PACKAGES will be received at the Office
until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages
should be marked to address in full; value
of same is required.
A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-
SAGE TICKETS.
Consular Invoices to accompany Over-
land, Mexican, Central and South American
Cargo, should be sent to the Company's
Offices addressed to the Collector of Cu-
stoms, San Francisco.
For further information as to Freight
or Passage, apply to the Agency of the
Company, No. 57, Queen's Road Central.
H. M. BLANCHARD,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, April 26, 1879. my8

**Volume Seventh of the
"CHINA REVIEW."**
Now Ready.

No. 4.—Vol. VII.
—OF THE—
"CHINA REVIEW"
CONTAINS—

Jottings from the Book of Rites.
Brief Sketches from the Life of K'ung-
ming.
The Ballads of the Shik-king.
Translations of Chinese School-books.
The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung.
Alchemists in China.
Appendix to Wylie's "Coins of the Ta-
ching Dynasty." "Hien Fung" Period.
Short Notices of New Books and Literary
Intelligence.

Notes and Queries:—
A Few Petty Additions to Dr Douglas'
Dictionary.
Trouts in China.
Ancient Vases.
Inheritance.
Greeting the Spring.
Adoption.
The Term K'wai.
Mongol and Yuan-pao.
Leasehold Usage.
Chinese Coins.
Coronation of the King of Looboo.
The Oquir Alphabet.

Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.
China Mail Office,
Hongkong, March 21, 1879.

INSURANCES.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
THE Undersigned, Agents for the above
Company, are prepared to grant In-
surances at current rates.
MELOHRS & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

**SWISS LLOYD
TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY
OF WINTERTHUR.**

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, have
this Day taken over charge of the Hong-
kong Agency, and are prepared to grant
INSURANCE on MARINE RISKS at current
Rates to all parts of the World.
MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

INSURANCES.
**QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.**
THE Undersigned are prepared to grant
Policies against Fire to the extent of
\$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored
therein, at current local rates, subject to a
Discount of 20% on the Premium.
NORTON & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

**THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.**
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of
China and Japan, and at Singapore,
Saigon and Penang.
Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance
granted at the rates of Premium current at
the above mentioned Ports.
NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER
of
His Majesty King George The First,
A. D. 1720.
THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Corporation are
prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—
Marine Department.
Policies at current rates payable either
here, in London or at the principal Ports
of India, China and Australia.

**THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY.**
THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents in Hongkong for the above-
named Company, are prepared to Grant
Policies against FIRE on Buildings and
on Goods to the extent of \$50,000, at the
usual Rates, subject to an immediate Dis-
count of 20 per cent.
Attention is invited to a considerable
reduction in Premiums for Life Insurances in
China.
MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.**
Incorporated by Royal Charter and
Special Acts of Parliament.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
CAPITAL \$2,000,000.
THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong
for the above Company, are prepared
to grant Policies against FIRE, to the
extent of \$10,000 on any Building, or
on Merchandise in the same, at the
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20
per cent.
GILMAN & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

**CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED.)**
NOTICE.
POLICIES granted at current rates on
Marine Risks to all parts of the World.
In accordance with the Company's Articles
of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit,
are distributed annually to Contributors
whether Shareholders or not, in proportion
to the net amount of Premiums contributed
by each, the remaining third being carried
to Reserve Fund.
J. BRADLEE SMITH,
Secretary.
Hongkong, December 8, 1878.

**LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.**
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
THE Undersigned are prepared to grant
Policies against the Risk of FIRE on
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on
Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms
and Conditions.
Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors
for their decision.
If required, protection will be granted on
first class Lines up to \$1000 on a Single
Life.
For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-
posals or any other information, apply to
ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.
Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

**MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE
COMPANY OF
MANCHESTER AND LONDON.**
ESTABLISHED 1824.
Capital of the Company \$1,000,000 Sterling
of which is paid up \$100,000 "
Reserve Fund upwards of \$120,000 "
Annual Income \$250,000 "

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Company at
Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai,
Hankow, and are prepared to grant
Insurances at current rates.
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, October 13, 1869.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked A., near the Kowloon shore K., and those in the body of the Shipping or midway between each shore are marked C., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers								
Afghan	5	Hunt	Brit. str.	1430	April 18	Birley & Co.	Hankow	
Atholl	2	Thomson	Brit. str.	922	April 22	Hop Kee	S'pore and Penang	30th inst.
Bellona	3	Ahrens	Ger. str.	789	April 27	Siemssen & Co.	Bangkok	
Ben Glo	5	Buchanan	Brit. str.	922	April 22	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Foochow	
Bombay	1	Jacques	Brit. str.	749	Feb. 12	Kwok Acheong		
Braemar Castle	7	Webb	Brit. str.	1425	April 17	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Foochow	To-morrow
Cheong Hock Kian	5	Elphick	Brit. str.	956	Mar. 14	Bun Hin Chan	Amoy	Said's Ship
Conquest	5	Elphick	Brit. str.	317	April 27	S-Shun Hong		
Danube	5	Clancy	Brit. str.	561	April 28	Yuen Fat Hong	Bangkok	
Fame	6	Stopan	Brit. str.	117	.....	H. K. & W'poo Dock Co.		Tug Flying
Feronia	2	Schultz	Ger. str.	1115	April 5	Siemssen & Co.	Hankow	Today
Glenear	5	Gason	Brit. str.	1450	April 26	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Shanghai	at daylight
Glenorchy	3	Hogg	Brit. str.	1775	April 26	Jardine, Matheson & Co.		
Killarney	5	O'Neill	Brit. str.	1060	April 23	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Saigon	30th inst.
Kwangtung	5	Punchard	Brit. str.	875	April 27	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Coast Ports	30th inst.
Leyte	5	Zublaquirre	Span. str.	312	April 8	Russell & Co.		30th inst.
Malabar	2	Gould	Brit. str.	1283	April 23	Captain	Hankow	30th inst.
Malacca	5	Smith	Brit. str.	1709	April 18	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Yokohama	30th inst.
Mariveles	5	Munoz	Span. str.	425	Mar. 27	Remedios & Co.	Manila	30th inst.
Ningpo	4	Cass	Brit. str.	751	April 27	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Oceanic	5	Metcalfe	Brit. str.	3707	April 21	O. & O. S. Co.		
Orestes	5	Webster	Brit. str.	1323	April 27	Butterfield & Swire	Y'ama & S. F.	8th prox.
Paladin	5	Parker	Brit. str.	1874	April 23	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Amoy & Shanghai	30th inst.
Peiho	5	Fagallini	Foh. str.	2079	April 27	Messageries Maritimes	Saigon	Today
Sea Gull	5	Hayden	Amer. str.	48	Mar. 24	China Traders' Insurance Co.	Marseilles, &c.	To-morrow
Volga	5	Roland	Foh. str.	1000	April 25	Messageries Maritimes	Yokohama	Malta, 29th
Yangtze	4	Schultz	Brit. str.	782	April 25	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	Malta
Zamboanga	7	Aranguren	Span. str.	651	April 28	Remedios & Co.		Today
Zephyr	1	Heuer	Brit. str.	.....	.....	Russell & Co.		
Sailing Vessels								
Abbey Cowper	7	Carr	Brit. bge.	689	April 12	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Saigon	
Abbie N. Franklin	4	Howes	Amer. bge.	480	Mar. 6	Captain		
Aleppo	1	Falconer	Brit. bge.	665	April 27	Borneo Co., Limited		
Alexa	3	Robb	Brit. bge.	424	April 20	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Australia	
Annie	2	Möller	Ger. 3m. so.	345	April 20	Melchers & Co.	Bangkok	
Annie W. Weston	2	Wincer	Amer. bge.	740	April 28	Order		
Bua Pin	2	Möller	Span. sh.	574	April 28	Kin Tye Loong	Manila	
Casador	2	Orbata	Span. bg.	214	April 27	Remedios & Co.	San Francisco	put back
Cilurum	4	Beadle	Brit. sh.	1886	April 24	Vogel & Co.	Kobe	put back
Cooran	8	Brodlhurst	Amer. soh.	144	April 11	W. H. Ray	Manila	
Edward May	7	Johnson	Amer. bge.	928	April 8	Geo. R. Stevens & Co.	Manila	
Emilio V.	8	Marcello	Ital. bge.	724	Mar. 23	Vogel & Co.	Manila	
Emil Julius	4	Jurgensen	Ger. bge.	501	Mar. 19	Melchers & Co.	Chefoo	
Faugh Balaugh	4	Ritte	Ger. bge.	240	April 26	Carlowsitz & Co.		
Flensborg	4	Jacobsen	Dan. bge.	865	April 13	Edward Schellhaas & Co.	Takao	
Florence Nightingale	3	McIntyre	Brit. bge.	464	April 26	Arnold, Karberg & Co.		
Gertrude	4	Praus	Brit. bge.	483	April 18	Carlowsitz & Co.	Callao	
Golden Breeze	5	Trumbach	Ger. bge.	402	April 16	Wilder & Co.		
Golden Fleec	4	Wilshire	Brit. bge.	893	Mar. 10	Gilman & Co.	Burrow's Inlet	Washed
Golden Rule	4	Lewis	Amer. sh.	1195	Mar. 7	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Hattie E. Tapley	3	Tapley	Amer. sh.	946	April 25	Adamson, Bell & Co.		
Haze	4	Evans	Amer. sh.	822	April 13	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Highlander	4	Hutchinson	Amer. sh.	242	April 12	Wilder & Co.	Tientsin	
Johann Friedrich	1	Kroncke	Ger. bg.	479	April 18	Wilder & Co.	Tientsin	
Malvina	4	Kluge	Ger. bge.	282	April 23	Remedios & Co.	Manila	
Manuel	2	Quillor	Span. soh.	850	April 23	Remedios & Co.	Manila	
Memnon	7	Wass	Amer. sh.	850	April 13	Melchers & Co.		
Oneida	8	Olyana	Brit. sh.	2293	Mar. 15	Russell & Co.	San Francisco	
Orange Grove	3	Longmuir	Brit. bge.	385	Mar. 21	Geo. R. Stevens & Co.		
Paralos	3	Paseo	Foh. bge.	842	April 10	Wilder & Co.		
Phaeton	3	Sobel	Brit. bge.	1450	April 18	Vogel & Co.	Callao	
Prima Donna	8	Lunt	Amer. sh.	890	April 10	Wilder & Co.	London	
Queen of India	3	Cary	Brit. bge.	1361	Mar. 9	Russell & Co.	Honolulu	
Republic	3	Holmes	Amer. sh.	341	April 20	Messageries Maritimes		
Rosebud	3	Collie	Brit. 3m. so.	1003	Dec. 17	Vogel & Co.	London	
Rosalia	7	Miller	Ger. bge.	1159	Sept. 6	Russell & Co.		
Stracathro	4	Clough	Amer. sh.	1090	Sept. 6	Russell & Co.		
Sunatra	3	Stehr	Ger. bge.	256	April 20	Edward Schellhaas & Co.	Tientsin	
Talies	4	Jessan	Ger. bge.	373	Jan. 28	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Tientsin	
Taiwan	4	Smith	Amer. bge.	682	Jan. 28	Russell & Co.	New York	
Thos. A. Goddard	4	Call	Amer. bge.	813	April 28	Order		
Vesuvius	2	Whiting	Brit. bg.	255	April 27	Edward Schellhaas & Co.	Tientsin	
Victory	2	Dunton	Amer. bge.	658	Mar. 28	Rozario & Co.	Portland (Oregon)	Coast
W. H. Holcomb	2	Means	Amer. sh.	1202	April 25	Captain		
Zouave	8	Means	Amer. sh.	1202	April 25	Captain		
WHAMPOA								
Friedrich Perthes	Walter	Ger.	bge.	446	April 24	Siemssen & Co.	Chefoo	
CANTON								
Fuyew	Crood	Ohl.	str.	920	April 28	O. M. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	
Tung Ting	Hawthorne	Ohl.	str.	814	April 28	O. M. S. N. Co.		

Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Flag.	Class.	Tons.	Guns.	H. P.	Date of Arrival.	Commander.
Ashuelot.....	6 h	U. S.	corvette	1370	6	700	Feb. 12	Geo. H. Perkins
Chop-chung	6 o	Chinese	gunboat	300	...	.....	April 27	Lee Taek Ming
Cydrop	K. D.	German	gunboat	480	6	80	April 22	Von Schuckmann
Fei Hoo	6 o	Chinese	revenue c uiser	.....	...	.....	April 19	Cooker
Fly	7 h	British	gun vessel	584	4	120	Dec. 21	M. McNeil
Frya	6 o	German	corvette	1680	8	700	April 9	Von Nostritz
Lily	6 h	British	gun vessel	700	8	95	April 9	B. E. Cochrane
Meane	6 h	British	military hospital	2651	...	.....	.....	.....
Moohen.....	7 h	British	gunboat	420	4	60	April 28	W. Carey
Mosquito.....	6 h	British	gunboat	495	4	50	Jan. 30	Lt.-Com. G. A. Gray
Victor Emanuel.....	6 h	British	Commodore's flag-ship	3087	20	.....	.....	Commodore Smith